A GREYPORT LEGEND. BY BRET HARTE

They ran through the streets of the seaport town, They peered from the decks of the ships where they lay, The cold sea-fog that came whitening down Was never as cold or white as they.
"Ho, Starbuck, and Pinckney, and Tenter

Run for your shallops, gather your men, Scatter your boats on the lower bay."

Good cause for fear! In the thick midday The hulk that lay by the rotting pier, Filled with the children in happy play, Parted its moorings and drifted clear— Drifted clear beyond reach or call-Thirteen children there were in all, All adrift in the lower bay!

Said a hard-faced skipper, "God help us all, She will not float till the turning tide!" Said his wife, "My darling will hear my call, Whether in sea or in heaven she bide. And she lifted a quavering voice and high Wild and strange as a sea-bird's cry, Till they shuddered and wondered at her

The fog drove down on each laboring crew, Veiled each from each and the sky and shore, There was not a sound but the breath they drew, And the lap of water and creak of oar; And they felt the breath of the downs fresh

O'er leagues of clover and cold gray stone, But not from the lips that had gone before.

They come no more. But they tell the tale They come no more. But they tell the tale
That, when fogs are thick on the harbor reef,
The mackerel fishers shorten sail,
For the signal they know will bring relief—
For the voices of children still at play
In the phantom hulk that drifts away
Through channels whose waters never fail.

It is but a foolish shipman's tale, A theme for a poet's idle page,
But still when the mists of doubt prevail,
And we lie becalmed by the shores of Age,
We hear from the misty troubled shore
The voice of the children gone before, Drawing the soul to its anchorage. -Atlantic Monthly.

#### The Bank Riot in Baltimore.

Of all these eruptions of popular explosiveness none was so remarkable, in respect of its rampant insolence and outrage, the general panic it inspired, the apathy of citizens, and paralysis of the municipal power, as the mob of August, 1835, consequent upon the failure of the Bank of Maryland, and the ruin of many of its poorer depositors. The dwellings of Messrs. Reverdy Johnson, lately our minister to England, Glenn, Morris, Ellicott, McElderry, and Hunt (directors of the bank), were ingloriously ransacked and sacked to make a rowdy's holiday. For several days the town was in undisputed possession of the mob. Streets were barricaded, and mounted citizens who adventured to check the senseless fury of the seum, were unborsed with bricks and clubs. Furniture from the houses of Messrs, Glenn, and Johnson, and their colleagues was drawn through the streets by raiding squads of rag-amuffins in the plain sight of thousands without opposition or remonstrance. Bonfires were fed with pianos and sideboards, mirrors were launched with a cheer from upper windows, and North Charles street, from Fayette to Lexington, was ankle deep in feathers from the beds of the Glenn family. So complete was the panic that, as eye witnesses have related, there re whole days when a detachment of twenty boys, armed only with sticks and stones, might have entered any house in the city and pillaged it at ease.

The authorities, though fairly warned-by written circulars, freely distributed, inviting citizens to tar and feather Johnson and Glenn, had adopted no measures to prevent the gath-ering of the mob; and to disperse it or check its costly pranks bands of volunteer constabulary were armed with rolling pins instead of guns and pistols. The rioters were shyly received with wordy skirmishing and bullets of the brain in the form of proclamatory plati-tudes, full of tame fury, about "the sacred liberties transmitted to us by our forefathers," "our rank among the civilized nations of the earth," "civil authority trampled under foot," the wildest passions of human nature overthrowing law and order," and "citizens contemplating with painful emotions the most melancholy events;" while the mayor, distracted with contradictory counsels and embarrassed by his own relation to the bank, of which he was a director, resigned his office and retired from the city, leaving his household gods and goods to the mercy of the mob, which insulted the one and demolished the other. And yet, from first to last, the number of active rioters with whom this chaos had come again never exceeded two hundred, and was rarely more than one hundred and fifty, of whom at least one third were boys and women. A full company of militia, or two companies of firemen with hose-pipes and axes, could at any time have put them comically to rout. The general uproar was finally quelled by a spontaneous gathering and arming of citizens, who found their own wits after the mayor had quite lost his; and before this tardy show of fight the mob vanished .- From THE CITY OF MONU-MENTS, by J. W. PALMER, in the September number of Lippincott's Magazine.

#### What the Hebrews Knew of Farming.

In his laws Moses made agriculture the basis of the State. According to this principle he apportioned to every citizen a certain portion of land, marked by fixed boundaries. Landgrabbing speculations were prevented by the law, which required all lands in the commonwealth to revert to the heirs of the original owners on the jubilee year. The occupation of the farmer was held in honor from being thus protected by the fundamental law of the State. None were so rich or noble as to dis dain to put their hand to the plow. (1 Kings xix. 19: 2 Chron. xxvi. 10.) Various means were kers, butchers in the several markets of the resorted to by the Hebrews to increase the fertility of their soil. The stones were gathered tility of their soil. The stones were gathered and built into walls, water was brought in aque-exhibitions, balls, or games of any kind where ducts from great distances, and many kinds of an admission fee is charged, circus performers, manure were used. The hills were terraced to exhibitors of wild animals; distillers, dealers the very tops, and platted with vineyards and in merchandise of any kind whatever, dealers gardens. They cultivated wheat, barley, milin distilled and fermented liquors, and cordials, let, beans, and perhaps rice. (Isa. xxviii. 25.) produce dealers, uon-resident dealers in merlet, beans, and perhaps rice. (Isa. xxviii. 25.) In agricultural implements the Hebrews were not so far behind the present age as we are prone to think. Isaiah lived 700 years before Christ, yet in his day iron plows were in use, for he prophesied of the time when swords should be turned to plowshares and spears to pruning of hotels, keepers of intelligence offices, fire be turned to plowshares and spears to pruning hooks. This passage shows, too, that they had instruments for pruning vines and trees. The animals used in plowing were cattle and donkeys. Horses were not in common use among the Hebrews. The original method of harvesting grain was to pull up by the roots, but sickles were used among the Hebrews from the time of Joshua. Harvest among them was a time of rejoicing, cheerful songs being heard in every field. Threshing was effected by flails, the feet of animals, or by drags or rollers. Vineyards and olive groves were extensively and carefully cultivated. Culinary plants and and carefully cultivated. Culinary plants and business, and professions practiced or carried fruit trees were among the first objects of atonic trees were at the first objects of the fir tention. Palestine was said to flow with milk gust 23, 1871. and honey. Bees were highly esteemed. Their hives were made of clay mixed with straw, but stores of honey were often found in hollow trees and fissures of the rocks. (Psalm lxxxi, 16.) One remarkable provision of the Mosaic law in regard to agriculture was the Sabbatic year. (Lev. xxv. 1-7.) Every seventh year was a very of rest, not so much to the farmer as to stores of honey were often found in hollow trees year of rest, not so much to the farmer as to ment Act," are now in the hands of the Asses- inafter provided, namely: the farm. Nothing was sown and nothing was reaped; the vines were not pruned; there was no gathering of fruit. The object of this regulation seems to have been to preserve the wild can now correct the same, so as to show the inbeasts, to let the land recover strength, and to come from such securities, which is alone taxa-teach the people to be provident and look out ble.

a farmer ten cents that had been due twentynine years.

#### Howard University. YEAR 1871 and '73.

THEOLOGICAL DEPARTMENT Opens September 15th. Tuition and rooms free. LAW DEPARTMENT. Year begins October 2d. Tuition, \$50; Full

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT. Year begins October 11th. Lectures begin daily at 5½ o'clock p. m. Fees—Matriculation. \$5; Course of Lectures, \$100. COLLEGE DEPARTMENT.

Year begins September 13th. Tuition \$9 per year. Applicants for admission examined September 12th. PREPARATORY DEPARTMENT.

Year begins September 18th. Tuition \$9 per year. Applicants for admission examined Sep-tember 11th and 12th. NORMAL DEPARTMENT. Year begins September 13th. Tuition \$9 per year. Applicants for admission examined September 11th and 12th. sep 7-tf

TACOB DEWITTER, LL.D., English Bar-JACOB DEWITTER, LL.D., English Barrister at Law, Newspaper, Parliamentary, and Law Reporter of long standing, has recently arrived in this city. He intends organizing a class of adults to be instructed in a system of shorthand-writing, called phonography. Those desirous of placing themselves under his tuition may be assured of being able in a very short time to take down the most rapidly delivered speeches, lectures, sermons, &c., verbatim et literatim. For further information apply at "Howard University," or at the office of this paper. sep 7-4t

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cut Legislature on Woman Suffrage.

2. Legal Disabilities of Married Women. 3. Report of Annual Meeting of Committee Woman Suffrage Association.

4. Argument on Elective Franchise under the Fourteenth Amendment of the Constitution, by Hon. A. G. Riddle. 5. History of National Woman's Rights Move-ment for twenty years; by Mrs. P. W. Davis. 6. Restricted Suffrage; by Isabella Beecher

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HEADQUARTERS OF EDWIN M STANTON GUARDS,

WASHINGTON, D. C., September 12, 1871. The Friends of Freedom in Alexandria and altimore and adjoining Counties of Maryland and Virginia, and all civic and military associations, are respectfully invited to be present, on the 22d instant, in the city of Washington, D. C., and to participate in the ceremonies com-memorative of the

EMANCIPATION PROCLAMATION, issued by the martyred President, on September 22d, 1862, proclaiming FREEDOM to over four millions of the human family.

All intending to take part in the celebration will send name and number as soon as possible to No. 512 Sixth street, between E and F sts.

Respectfully, EDWARD W. TURNER, Corresponding Secretary.

OTICE.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

REGISTER'S OFFICE, September 1, 1871.
All persons engaged in any of the following trades, business, or professions, such as apothe caries, auctioneers, commercial agents, bankers, bill-posters, proprietors of bar-rooms, sample-rooms, tippling-houses, and beer gardens; pro-prietors of billiard tables, bagatelle and Jenny Lind tables, for public hire or gain, shuffle-boards and bowling alleys; brewers, brokers, commercial brokers, cattle brokers, pawnbro-District of Columbia, owners of carts, wagons, chandise, non-resident dealers in distilled and fermented liquors, wines, and cordials, proprietors of gift enterprises, proprietors of backs, caps, omnibuses, street cars, or other vehicles nsurance companies, life insurance companies, insurance agents, proprietors of junk shops, dealers in old barrels, proprietors of livery stables, proprietors of grounds for horse-racing or tournaments, photographers, peddlers, non-resident peddlers, real estate agents, rectifiers, proprietors of restaurants or eating houses, proprietors of theatres, contractors, book agents, manufacturers of illuminating gas, claim agents patent agents, and ice dealers are hereby notified that the Register is now prepared to issue licenses to parties in accordance with the provisions of the "Act imposing a license on trades,

JOHN F. COOK, sep7-5t Register of the Dist. of Columbia.

for the future. But the year was not spent in idleness. The people could hunt, fish, look after their bees and flocks, repair their buildings or furniture, manufacture cloth, or carry on commerce.

—Flowers teach us the tenderness of God's character. If he had made nothing of this kind, if his works had been for bare utility, and had consisted of coarse and more substantial creations only, the tender side of the Divine character would have failed of the revelation it now has in nature.

—An old "settler"—The old lady who sent a farmer ten cents that had been due twenty-nipe years.

—End the people to be provident and look out for the said necessary and have neglected to make return of personal property, as required by law, are twill be printed, and those in favor of said act, and of the issuing of said bonds, or of the constant there can be no appeal. Section 7 of the act of August 9 provides that in all cases of refusal to make return, as required by law, are twill be one the duty of the Assessors to make assessments there can be no appeal. Section 7 of the act of August 9 provides that in all cases of refusal to make return, as required by law, are twill be come the duty of the Assessors to make assessments there can be no appeal. Section 7 of the act of August 9 provides that in all cases of refusal to make return, or said betting the continuation of the make return of personal property, as required by law, are twill be one the duty of the Assessors to make assessments there can be no appeal. Section 7 of the act of August 9 provides that in all cases of refusal to make return, or the continuation of the basining of said bonds, or of the control of the saving of the control of the saving of the control of the issuing of the control of the issuing of the control of the saving of the four millions of bonds, and election.

For the act of the District of Columbia entirely and those in favor of said det, and of the issuing of the control of the issuing of the control of the issuing of the control of the issuing o

Superintendent of Assessments and Taxes.

OFFICIAL.

OFFICIAL PUBLICATION OF the act of the Legislative Assembly ap-proved August 19, 1871, fixing the time for hold-ing General Elections in the District of Colum-

An Act fixing the time for holding the General Elections in the District of Columbia. Be it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the District of Columbia, That the general elections therein shall be held on the fourth Wednesday of November of each year.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That whereas an emergency exists for the immediate taking effect of this act, it is hereby declared to be in force from and after its approval by the Governor.

Speaker of the House of Delegates. WILLIAM STICKNEY, Approved August 19, 1871.
au 24-3m

H. D. COOKE, Governor.

NOTICE BY THE GOVERNOR and Secretary of the District of Columbia of the submission to the people of the District of Columbia, for their approval or disapproval, of an act of the Legislative Assembly of said District entitled "An act authorizing the District of Columbia to create a debt for special improvements and repairs in said District by the issuing of four million of bonds, and levy-ing a tax for the payment of the interest as it shall annually accrue thereon, and submitting the act with the question of the issuing of the four millions of improvement bonds to a vote

of the people at a general election in said District." Approved August 19, 1871. EXECUTIVE OFFICE, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA,

August 21, 1871.

Notice is hereby given that at the next general election in the District of Columbia, which will be held on the fourth Wednesday of November, be held on the fourth Wednesday of November, 1871, (being the twenty-second day of that month,) the act of the Legislative Assembly of the District of Columbia, entitled "An act authorizing the District of Columbia to create a debt for special improvements and repairs in said District by the issuing of four million of bonds and levying a tax for the payment of the interest as it shall annually accrue thereon, and submitting the act with the question of the issuing of the four million of improvement bonds to a vote of the people at a general election bonds to a vote of the people at a general election in said District," approved August 19, 1871, will be submitted in the mode provided by said act to the people of said District for their approval or disapproval, in connection with the question of issuing four millions of bonds for special improvements and repairs as mentioned in said act. Said election will be the first general election after the passage of said act. Said act is hereto subjoined and publication thereof is made herewith.

H. D. COOKE. Governor of the District of Columbia. EDWIN L. STANTON, Secretary of the District of Columbia.

AN ACT authorizing the District of Columbia to create a debt for special improvements and re-pairs in said District by the issuing of four million of bonds, and levying a tax for the payment of the interest as it shall annually accrue thereon, and submitting the act with the question of the issuing of the four million of improvement bonds to a vote of the peo-ple at a general election in said District.

powered, for and in benair of said District, to issue, or cause to be issued, as hereinafter dissue, or cause to be issued, as hereinafter district from and after its passage.

CHARLES L. HULSE, rected, registered or coupon bonds to the amount of four million dollars, in denominations of fifty, one hundred, five hundred, and one thousand dollars, to be payable within twenty years from the date of their issue, and to bear interest at the rate of seven per centum

annually. SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That a spein sums of two hundred and eighty thousand approved February twenty one, eighteen hundred and seventy-one, and in the same manner that the general taxes of said District shall be collected, and be applied and used exclusively

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That the Governor shall, in connection with the Secretary and the Comptroller, prepare said bonds for issue and sale. On their face they shall be designated "special improvement bonds," and shall be signed by the Governor, countersigned by the Secretary and Comptroller, and have affixed to them the seal of the District.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the bonds which may be prepared for issue and sale as aforesaid, until required for said purposes, shall be deposited with the Comptroller of said District, and he shall not permit any one or more of them to go out of his possession, except for the purposes of this act; and he shall give such security for their safe keeping as may be required by the Governor; and he shall keep a register or account of all bonds which may be prepared and issued under this act, and make a full report, from time to time, to the Legislative Assembly of the amount of sales, as well as of the amount of interest that may have accrued or to be paid on said bonds.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That two millions and one half of said bonds may be prepared for issue during the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, and until the expiration of the first fiscal quarter after the adjournment of the next regular session of the Legislative Assembly, and one million and a half during the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy three, and be sold by the Governor within said periods to the extent to which the issue thereof is authorized as aforesaid, and upon such issue and sale said bonds shall become and

constitute a debt against said District.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That upon the sale of any or all of said bonds the proceeds thereof shall be deposited in the treasury of the District, and shall be drawn out upon warrants of the Board of Public Works, and shall be disbursed by said Board for the payment of the cost of special improvements and repairs in said Dis-trict, including the necessary incidental expenses thereof, and for no other purposes; but no pay-ments shall be made under any contract for improvements, or for any work done in relation hereto, unless the work done shall be ten per centum in excess of such payments, except in the case of the final execution of any contract or completion of any work and settlement there-

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That the improvements which may be made by virtue of this act shall be commenced and carried on according to the provisions of the aforesaid act of Congress of the twenty first day of February, eighteen hundred and seventy-one, and exclusively for the promotion of the public interests.

Sec. 8. And be it further enacted, That if any officer or employee of the said District shall use, or consent to the use, of any of the money authorized to be raised by this act, contrary to its provisions, he shall, on conviction thereof in the Criminal Court of the District of Columbia, be punished by imprisonment in the jail of this District for a term of not less than three nor more than twelve months, and by a fine of not less than five hundred dollars nor more than

one thousand dollars. SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That this

First. Upon the approval of the act it shall be published in such papers as the Governor may direct, not less than three, and the publication thereof be continued for three months

And for the issuing of four millions of im-provement bonds as provided in said act.

district shall be provided by the Governor, in which the ballots for and against the said law, and for and against said improvement bonds, shall be deposited, and the election in relation thereto shall be conducted in all respects. as regards the persons entitled to vote, and other-

gards the persons entitled to vote, and otherwise, in accordance with the laws and regulations which may be applicable to the holding of general elections in said District.

Fourth. Upon closing the polls, the ballot-boxes containing said tickets shall be opened, and the ballots shall be immediately counted, and a tally list thereof be made, and upon the completion of the counting of said ballots, duplicate returns of the votes cast in each election plicate returns of the votes cast in each election district, together with statements of the aggregate 1 umber of votes cast thereat for the mem-bers of the Legislative Assembly, shall, within forty-eight hours, be made out and signed by the officers of the several election precincts or districts, which returns shall designate the number of votes cast for said law and for issuing the said bonds, one of which returns shall be placed in the election box of each election district, with the other papers of said election, and the other shall be placed in a sealed envelope, and be di-rected to the Secretary of the District of Colum-bia, and be placed in his hands by one or more

of said election officers.

Fifth. On receiving the said envelopes, containing the returns as aforesaid, the Secretary shall open and examine the same, and add together the returns or statement of votes as made to him, from each election district, and, after loing so, shall certify the result to the Governor, and file a copy of such certificates among the

records of his office.

Sixth. If it shall appear from said returns, as ertified to by the Secretary, that a majority of the votes cast for members of the Legislative Assembly shall have been cast in favor of said law, and of the issuing of said improvement bonds, the Governor shall proclaim the same in the papers of the District in which the law may be published, and immediately thereafter bonds may be issued as directed in the fifth section of this act.

Seventh. If a majority of the votes shall be east against this act, and against the issuing of the bonds, the Governor shall proclaim the fact in said newspapers, and no bonds shall be issued or debt be contracted under this act.

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That with the publication of this act, for the period of three months, in the newspapers aforesaid, there

shall be a notice, over the signatures of the Governor and Secretary of the District, that it will be submitted to the people at the first general election after its passage, for their approval or disapproval, in connection with the question of issuing of four millions of bonds for special improvements and repairs as hereinbefore men-tioned, and a copy of such notice shall be filed and recorded in the office of the Secretary of the District. Sec. 11. And be it further enacted. That is

consideration of the emergency therefor created Be it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the District of Columbia, That in order that special improvements and repairs of the streets, avenues, alleys, and roads of the District of Coon the twenty second day of November, eighteen hundred and seventy-one, and from other considerations arising out of the nature and oblumbia may be commenced and completed, and sewers and bridges be constructed therein, and other necessary public works be executed, the Governor of said District is authorized and empowered, for and in behalf of said District, to

Speaker of the House of Delegates. WILLIAM STICKNEY. President of the Council. Approved August 19, 1871. H. D. COOKE, Governor.

NOTICE BY THE GOVERNOR AND SEC-retary of the District of Columbia of the cial tax is hereby levied on the taxable property of the District of Columbia of the of the District of Columbia, for the period of submission to the people of said District, for twenty years, to an amount sufficient to pay the interest which may accrue on the said bonds Legislative Assembly of said District, approved during said period, which tax shall be collected August 19th, 1871, entitled "An act levying a tax for the payment of the interest as it shall and sums of two hundred and eighty thousand dollars, during each of said years, agreeably to the provisions of the act of the Congress of the United States, entitled "An act to provide for a government for the District of Columbia," by an act entitled "An act authorizing the District of Columbia to create a debt for special bia, by an act entitled 'An act authorizing the District of Columbia to create a debt for special improvements and repairs in said District by the issuing of four millions of bonds and levying a tax for the payment of the interest as it shall annually accrue thereon, and submitting the act. for the payment of the interest annually accru- with the question of the issuing of four million of improvement bonds, to a vote of the people at a general election in said District.'

EXECUTIVE OFFICE. DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA. August 21st, 1871. Notice is hereby given that at the next gen-eral election in the District of Columbia, which will be held on the fourth Wednesday of November, 1871, (being the twenty second day of that month,) the act of the Legislative Assembly of the District aforesaid approved August 19th, 1871, entitled 'An act levying a tax for the pay-ment of the interest as it shall annually accrue on four million dollars of bonds authorized to be issued by the District of Columbia, by an act entitled 'An act authorizing the District of Columbia to create a debt for special improvements and repairs in said District by the issuing of four millions of bonds, and levying a tax for the payment of the interest as it shall annually accrue thereon, and submit-ting the act with the question of the issuing of four millions of improvement bonds, to a vote the Piedmont and Potomac Railroad Company of the people at a general election in the said upon certain conditions," and submitting the District, "will be submitted to the people of same to the people of said District, and presaid District for their approval or disapproval. with the said ac; entitled "An act authorizing the upon. District of Columbia to create a debt for special improvements and repairs in said District by the issuing of four million of bonds, and levying a tax for the payment of the interest as it shall annually accrue thereon, and submitting the act, with the question of the issuing of four millions of improvement bonds, to a vote of the people at a general election in said District."

Said election will be the first general election after the passage of said act entitled "An act levying a tax for the payment of the interest as it shall annually accrue on four million dollars of bonds, authorized to be issued by the District of Columbia by an act entitled 'An act author izing the District of Columbia to create a debt for special improvements and repairs in said District by the issuing of four million of bonds, and levying a tax for the payment of the interest as it shall annually accrue thereon, and sub mitting the act, with the question of the issuing of four millions of improvement bonds, to a vote of the people at a general election in said Dis

And said election, as respects the said act will be held as in the said act provided. Said act is hereto subjoined and publication thereof

H. D. COOKE, Governor of the District of Columbia. EDWIN L. STANTON,

Secretary of the District of Columbia An Act levying a tax for the payment of the in-terest, as it shall annually accrue on four mil-lion dollars of bonds, authorized to be issued by the District of Columbia by an act entitled "An act authorizing the District of Columbia to create a debt for special improvements and repairs in said District by the issuing of four millions of bonds, and levying a tax for the payment of the interest as it shall annually accrue thereon, and submitting the act, with the question of the issuing of four millions of improvement bonds, to a vote of the people at a general election in the said District."

to be issued by the District of Columbia, in accordance with the provisions of an act entitled "An act authorizing the District of Columbia to create a debt for special improvements and repairs in said District by the issuing of four millions of bonds, and the levying a tax for the payment of the interest as it shall annually accrue thereon, and submitting the act, with the question of the issuing of four millions of improvement bonds, to a vote of the people at a general election in said District," a special tax of two hundred and eighty thousand dollars is hereby levied upon the taxable property in said District for the period of twenty years, to an amount sufficient to pay the interest which may accrue on said bonds during said period, which tax shall be collected in sums of two hundred and eighty thousand dollars during each of said

said road, which said guaranty may be required whenever, at any time within five years from the date of said last mentioned act, ten miles or more of said road shall be ready for superstructure; and whereas it is credibly represented that the sum of six hundred thousand dollars, or less, will enable said Piedmont and Potomac Railroad Company to locate and grade their said road whenever, at any time within five years from the date of said last mentioned act, ten miles or more of said road shall be ready for superstructure; and whereas it is credibly represented that the sum of six hundred thousand dollars, or less, will enable said Piedmont and Potomac Railroad Company to locate and grade their said road so ture; and whereas it is credibly represented the whenever, at any time within tive whenever, at any time within tive whenever, at any time within the ade to fail ast mentioned act, ten miles or more of said last mentioned act, ten miles or more of said road, which said guaranty may be ready for superstructure; and whereas it is credibly represented the said road, which said guaranty may be ready for superstructure; and whereas it is credibly represented to the said road where

And the ballots against said act and the issuing of the bonds shall be as follows:

AGAINST SPECIAL IMPROVEMENTS.

Against the act of the District of Columbia entitled "An act authorizing the District of Columbia to create a debt for special improvements and repairs in said District, by the issuing of four millions of bonds, and laying a tax for the payment of the interest as it shall annually accrue thereon, and submitting the act, with the question of the issuing of the four millions of improvement bonds, to a vote of the people at a general election in said District."

And against the issuing of four millions of improvement bonds, to a vote of the people at a general election in said District."

And against the issuing of four millions of improvement bonds as provided for in said act. Third. That a ballot-box for each election district shall be provided by the Governor, in district shall be provided by the Governor, in district shall be provided by the Governor, in the said Evening Star, newspapers in said the submitted to the people, with the said District, entitled "An act authorizing the District of Columbia at this act shall be submitted to the people, with the said District, entitled "An act authorizing the District of Columbia at authorizing the District of Columbia to create a debt for special improvements and repairs in said District by the issuing of four millions of bonds, and levying a tax for the question of the interest as it shall annually accrue thereon, and submitting the act, with the question of the interest as it shall annually accrue thereon, and submitting the act, with the question of the interest as it shall annually accrue thereon, and submitting the act, with the question of the interest as it shall annually accrue thereon, and submitting the act, with the question of the interest as it shall annually accrue thereon, and submitting the act, with the question of the interest as it shall annually accrue thereon, and submitting the act, with the question of the four millions of improvem

publican, and Evening Star, newspapers in said District, and in such other papers as the Gov-ernor may direct, and the publication thereof be continued for three months prior to said

election.

Second. The ballots used at said election shall be printed, and those in favor of this act shall be in the words following, to wit:

levying a tax for the period of twenty years for the payment of the interest as it shall annually accrue on the four millions of bonds to be issued by the District of Columbia, agreeably to the provisions of an act entitled "An act authoriz-ing the District of Columbia to create a debt for special improvements and repairs in said Dis-trict by the issuing of four millions of bonds and levying a tax for the payment of the interest as it shall annually accrue thereon, and submit-ting the act, with the question of the issuing of four millions of improvement bonds, to a vote of the people at a general election in the said District.

And those against this act shall be in the words following, to wit:

the act for levying a tax for the period of twenty years for the payment of the interest as it shall annually accrue on the four millions of bonds to be issued by the District of Columbia, agreeably to the provisions of an act entitled "An act authorizing the District of Columbia to create a debt for special improvements and re-pairs in said District, by the issuing of four mil-

pairs in said District, by the issuing of four mil-lion of bonds and levying a tax for the payment of the interest as it shall annually accrue thereon, and submitting the act, with the question of the issuing of four millions of improvement bonds, to a vote of the people at a general election in the said District." the said District.

Third. That the tickets for and against this act shall be deposited in the ballot-boxes which the Governor is required to provide for the de-posit of the ballots which may be cast for the act entitled "An act authorizing the District of Columbia to create a debt for special improvements and repairs in said District by the issuing of four millons of bonds and levying a tax for the payment of the interest as it shall annually accrue thereon, and submitting the act, with the question of the issuing of the four millions of improvement bonds, to a vote of the people at a general election in said District," and in relaion to the question of the issuing of four mil lions of improvement bonds, and the election in reference to this act shall be conducted in all respects, as regards the persons entitled to vote and otherwise, in accordance with the laws and regulations which may be applicable to the

holding of general elections in said District.

Fourth. Upon closing the polls, the ballots for and against this law shall be counted by the election officers, and a tally list thereof be made out, and upon the completing of the counting of said ballots and duplicate returns of the votes cast in each election district for this act, together with statements of the aggregate number of votes cast thereat for members of the Legislative Assembly, shall within forty-eight hours be made out and signed by the officers of the several election precincts or districts, which returns shall designate the number of votes cast for this loan, one of which returns shall be the others shall be placed in a sealed envelope and be directed to the Secretary of the District and be placed in his hands by one or more of

said election officers. Fifth. On receiving the said envelopes containing the returns as aforesaid, the Secretary shall examine the same, and add together the aggregate votes as cast in each district; and after doing so shall certify the result to the Governor and file a copy of such certificate among the records of his office.

Sixth. If it shall appear from said returns as certified to by the Secretary that a majority of votes cast for members of said Legislative Assembly shall have been cast in favor of this law, it shall be in full force and effect, and the Governor shall proclaim the same in the papers of the District in which this law may be published. If a majority of votes shall be cast against this act it shall be void and of no effect. SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That with the publication of this act in the newspapers as aforesaid for the period of three months, there shall be a notice over the signature of the Gov ernor and of the Secretary of the District that

general election after its passage for their approval or disapproval, and a copy of such notice shall be filed and recorded in the office of the Secretary of the District. SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That whereas an emergency exists for the immediate taking effect of this act in the event of its ap-

it will be submitted to the people at the first

CHARLES L. HULSE. Speaker of the House of Delegates. WILLIAM STICKNEY, President of the Council. Approved August 19, 1871. au24-3m H. D. COOKE, Governor.

NOTICE AND PROCLAMATION BY THE Governor publishing an act entitled "An act to authorize a subscription to the stock of

· EXECUTIVE OFFICE. DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA,

NOTICE is hereby given and proclamation made that the act of the Legislative Assembly of the District of Columbia, approved August August 21, 1871. 19th, 1871, entitled "An act to authorize a subscription to the stock of the Piedmont and Potomac Railroad Company upon certain condi-tions," will be submitted to the people of said District at the next general election therein, which will be held on the fourth Wednesday of November, 1871, (being the twenty-second day of that month,) and that the voting for and against the act shall be by printed tickets; and the tickets for said act shall contain the words—

"An act to authorize a subscription to the stock of the Piedmont and Potomac Railroad Company upon certain conditions," approved August 19th, 1871, and tickets against said act shall contain the words-

'An act to authorize a subscription to the

stock of the Piedmont and Potomac Railroad Company upon certain conditions," approved August 19th, 1871, and that said election will be conducted in all respects as the election for members of the House of Delegates of said District shall be conducted. Said act is hereto sub joined, and publication thereof is herewith H. D. COOKE. Governor of the District of Columbia.

An Act to authorize a subscription to the stock of the Piedment and Potomac Railroad Com-

pany upon certain conditions.

Be it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the District of Columbia, That whereas it is believed that the construction of the Piedmont and Potomac railroad, recently authorized by an act of the Legislature of Virginia, will be of great benefit to the District of Columbia, and by a further act of said Legislature the Pennsylvania Be it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the District of Columbia, That for the purpose of paying the interest annually, as it may accrue on the four million dollars of bonds authorized to be issued by the District of Columbia, in accordance with the District of Columbia, and Degislature the Pennsylvania Central Railroad Company is required to guarantee the Pennsylvania Central Railroad Company is required to guarantee the Pennsylvania Central Railroad Company is required to guarantee the Pennsylvania Central Railroad Company is required to guarantee the Pennsylvania Central Railroad Company is required to guarantee the Pennsylvania Central Railroad Company is required to guarantee the Pennsylvania Central Railroad Company is required to guarantee the Pennsylvania Central Railroad Company is required to guarantee the Pennsylvania Central Railroad Company is required to guarantee the Pennsylvania Central Railroad Company is required to guarantee the Pennsylvania Central Railroad Company is required to guarantee the Pennsylvania Central Railroad Company is required to guarantee the Pennsylvania Central Railroad Company is required to guarantee the Pennsylvania Central Railroad Company is required to guarantee the Pennsylvania Central Railroad Company is required to guarantee the Pennsylvania Central Railroad Company is required to guarantee the Pennsylvania Central Railroad Company is required to guarantee the Pennsylvania Central Railroad Company is required to guarantee the Pennsylvania Central Railroad Company is required to guarantee the Pennsylvania Central Railroad Company is required to guarantee the Pennsylvania Central Railroad Company is required to guarantee the Pennsylvania Central Railroad Company is required to guarantee the Pennsylvania Central Railroad Company is required

therefore,
SEC. 1. And be it enacted, That, provided that this act shall be submitted to the people at the next general election, and shall receive a majority of the votes cast for members of the Legislative Assembly at such election: And provided further, That this act shall receive the approval and sanction of the Congress of the United States, the Governor shall be, and he is hereby, authorized to subscribe, in the name of the District of Columbia, to the capital stock of the tax shall be collected in sums of two hundred and eighty thousand dollars during each of said years, agreeably to the provisions of the act of Congress entitled "An act to provide a government for the District of Columbia," approved Eberuary twenty-first, eighteen hundred and seventy-one, and in the same manner that the general taxes of said District shall be collected, and be applied and used exclusively for the pay-

of their issue on their face, shall be signed by the Governor and Secretary of the District, and shall be redeemable twenty years after date, and bear six per centum interest, payable half yearly, to an amount necessary to provide said sum of six hundred thousand dollars, and to pany, at such times and in such amounts as may be required by the progress of the work aforesaid: Provided, That said bonds shall not be sold at a lower rate than ninety per centum

of the par value thereof.
Sec. 3. And be it further enacted. That in order to meet the interest to accrue on said bonds, there shall be levied annually a tax of six per cent., or such lower rate as may suffice on every hundred dollars of the assessed value of real and personal estate in said District, the proceeds of which tax shall constitute a special fund pledged for the payment of said

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted. That the Governor is hereby requested to cause this act to be duly published before the next general election, as required by the fourteenth section of the charter of the District of Columbia, (act of Congress of February twenty-one, eighteen hundred and seventy-one,) and by suitable proclamation to submit the same to the people, and prescribe the form in which it shall be

CHARLES L. HULSE. Speaker of the House of Delegates. WILLIAM STICKNEY, President of the Council Approved August 19, 1871. au24-3m H. D. COOKE, Governor.

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AMENDMENTS TO THE RULES AND REGULATIONS. By authority of the Board of Trustees Rules

V and XIV of the "Rules and Regulations" of the Freedman's Savings and Trust Company, as found in its deposit-books, are amended as

Rules for the Payment of Interest. In place of Rule V read: From the first day of July, 1871, the Freed man's Savings and Trust Company will pay in-

terest at the rate of six per cent. per annum,

until further notice, on all sums of five dollars and upwards received by it on deposit, under the following conditions and exceptions: Interest, at the above named rate, will begin to accrue at the beginning of each month on all sums of five dollars and upwards then on deposit, It will be calculated twice a year, viz; on the first day of July and the first day of January in each year, and will be paid in cash to or entered to the credit of the depositer as a deposit, as he or she may prefer, within twenty days after

those dates. No interest will be allowed or paid on any sum withdrawn before the first days of July or January in each year for the period which may have elapsed since the date of the last dividend. On deposits of five thousand dollars and up-wards only five per cent. per annum will be

Rule XIV shall read thus; Deposits in sums of not less than fifty dollars may be received, to be subject to check at sight, which shall draw interest from date of deposit at the rate of four per cent. per annum, on condition that the sums so deposited shall remain on deposit not less than thirty days. But deposits made under this rule will not

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